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| **246 WELLNESS POLICY****Purpose**The Riverside School District recognizes that student wellness and proper nutrition are related to students’ physical, mental and emotional well-being, growth, development and readiness to learn. The Board is committed to providing a school environment that promotes student wellness, proper nutrition, wellness education and promotion, and regular physical activity as part of the total learning experience. In a healthy school environment, students will learn about wellness and participate in positive dietary and lifestyle practices that can improve student achievement.**Authority**The Board adopts this policy based on the recommendations of the Wellness Committee and in accordance with federal and state laws and regulations.[[1]](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=14&sctn=22&subsctn=1)[[2]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1758b)[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31) To ensure the wellness of all students, the Board establishes that the district shall provide to students:1. A wellness curriculum and programs for grades K-12 that are designed to educate students about wellness/ nutrition and lifelong lifestyle wellness activities, in accordance with State Board of Education curriculum regulations and academic standards.
2. Physical education courses and opportunities for developmentally appropriate physical activity during the school day.
3. A comprehensive nutrition program consistent with federal and state requirements.
4. Access at a reasonable cost to foods and beverages that meet established nutrition guidelines.

**Delegation of Responsibility**The Superintendent or designee shall be responsible for the implementation and oversight of this policy to ensure each of the district’s schools, programs and curriculum is compliant with this policy, related policies and established guidelines or administrative regulations.[[2]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1758b)[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31) Each building principal or designee shall annually report to the Superintendent or designee regarding compliance in his/her school.[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31) Staff members responsible for programs related to school wellness shall report to the Superintendent or designee regarding the status of such programs. The Superintendent or designee shall annually report to the Board on the district’s compliance with law and policies related to school wellness. The Superintendent or designee and the established Wellness Committee shall conduct an assessment at least once every three (3) years on the contents and implementation of this policy as part of a continuous improvement process to strengthen the policy and ensure implementation. This triennial assessment shall be made available to the public in an accessible and easily understood manner and include:[[2]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1758b)[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)1. The extent to which each district school is in compliance with law and policies related to school wellness.
2. The extent to which this policy compares to model wellness policies.
3. A description of the progress made by the district in attaining the goals of this policy.

At least once every three (3) years, the district shall update or modify this policy as needed, based on the results of the most recent triennial assessment and/or as district and community needs and priorities change; wellness goals are met; new health science, information and technologies emerge; and new federal or state guidance or standards are issued.[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)The district shall annually inform and update the public, including parents/guardians, students and others in the community, about the contents, updates and implementation of this policy via the district website, student handbooks, newsletters, posted notices and/or other efficient communication methods. This annual notification shall include information on how to access the School Wellness policy; information about the most recent triennial assessment; information on how to participate in the development, implementation and periodic review and update of the School Wellness policy; and a means of contacting Wellness Committee leadership.[[2]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1758b)[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)**Guidelines**RecordkeepingThe district shall retain records documenting compliance with the requirements of the School Wellness policy, which shall include:[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)[[4]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.15)1. The written School Wellness policy.
2. Documentation demonstrating that the district has informed the public, on an annual basis, about the contents of the School Wellness policy and any updates to the policy.
3. Documentation of efforts to review and update the School Wellness policy, including who is involved in the review and methods used by the district to inform the public of their ability to participate in the review.
4. Documentation demonstrating the most recent assessment on the implementation of the School Wellness policy and notification of the assessment results to the public.

Wellness CommitteeThe district shall establish a Wellness Committee comprised of, but not necessarily limited to, at least one (1) of each of the following: School Board member, district administrator, district food service representative, student, parent/guardian, school health professional, physical education/wellness teacher and member of the public. It shall be the goal that committee membership will include representatives from each school building and reflect the diversity of the community.[[2]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1758b) The Wellness Committee shall serve as an advisory committee regarding student wellness issues and shall be responsible for developing, implementing and periodically reviewing and updating a School Wellness policy that complies with law to recommend to the Board for adoption. The Wellness Committee shall review and consider evidence-based strategies and techniques in establishing goals for nutrition/wellness education and promotion, physical activity and other school-based activities that promote student wellness as part of the policy development and revision process.[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31) Individuals who conduct student medical and dental examinations shall submit annual reports and later reports on the remedial work accomplished during the year, as required by law.[[5]](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=14&sctn=22&subsctn=0)Nutrition EducationNutrition education will be provided within the sequential, comprehensive wellness education program in accordance with curriculum regulations and the academic standards for Health, Safety and Physical Education, and Family and Consumer Sciences.[[6]](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=15&sctn=13&subsctn=0)[7][8] Nutrition education in the district shall teach, model, encourage and support healthy eating by students. Promoting student wellness and nutrition enhances readiness for learning and increases student achievement. Wellness/nutrition education shall provide all students with the knowledge and skills needed to lead healthy lives. Wellness/nutrition education lessons and activities shall be age-appropriate. Nutrition education shall be integrated into other subjects such as math, science, language arts and social sciences to complement but not replace academic standards based on nutrition education. Lifelong lifestyle balance shall be reinforced by linking wellness/nutrition education and physical activity.The staff responsible for providing wellness/nutrition education shall be properly trained and prepared and shall participate in appropriate professional development. The district shall develop standards for such training and professional development.[9]Nutrition PromotionNutrition promotion and education positively influence lifelong eating behaviors by using evidence-based techniques and nutrition messages, and by creating food environments that encourage healthy nutrition choices and encourage participation in school meal programs.Physical ActivityDistrict schools shall strive to provide opportunities for developmentally appropriate physical activity during the school day for all students.  Age-appropriate physical activity opportunities, such as outdoor and indoor recess, before and after school programs, during lunch, clubs, intramurals and interscholastic athletics, shall be provided to meet the needs and interests of all students, in addition to planned physical education. A physical and social environment that encourages safe and enjoyable activity for all students shall be maintained. Extended periods of student inactivity, two (2) hours or more, shall be discouraged. Physical activity breaks shall be provided for students during classroom hours. Before and/or after-school programs shall provide developmentally appropriate physical activity for participating children.Physical EducationA sequential physical education program consistent with curriculum regulations and Health, Safety and Physical Education academic standards shall be developed and implemented. All district students must participate in physical education.[7][8][[10]](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=15&sctn=12&subsctn=1)Areas of wellness study shall include:1. Quality physical education instruction that promotes lifelong physical activity and provides instruction in the skills and knowledge necessary for lifelong participation shall be provided.
2. A comprehensive physical education course of study that focuses on providing students the skills, knowledge, and confidence to participate in lifelong, health-enhancing physical activity shall be implemented and shall include cardiovascular fitness and conditioning, muscular training, endurance and strength development, stretching and flexibility, and behavioral and lifestyle influences on wellness.
3. Instruction about the systems of the body.
4. Instruction﻿ about the human life cycle, including reproduction, growth, maturation, aging, death, and dying.
5. Instruction about epidemiology including STDs.
6. Instruction about chronic and degenerative diseases including cancers, diabetes, arthritis, and cardiovascular/pulmonary diseases.
7. Instruction about drugs, alcohol, tobacco, and vaping, including the effects upon the user families, friends, and society.
8. Instruction about mental health and illnesses including self-esteem and self-perception, understanding emotions, defense mechanisms, suicide prevention, eating disorders and functional, behavioral, and psychosomatic disorders.﻿
9. Instruction about decision making, coping skills, sexual harassment, and bullying.
10. Nutrition instruction about the sources of information, food nutrients and their benefits upon growth, bodily functions, academic and sport performances, social experiences and emotions.

Other School-Based ActivitiesSafe drinking water shall be available and accessible to students, without restriction and at no cost to the student, at all meal periods and throughout the school day.[[11]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.10)[[12]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/220.8)[[13]](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=7&sctn=1&subsctn=0)[[14]](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=7&sctn=42&subsctn=0) Nutrition professionals who meet hiring criteria established by the district and in compliance with federal regulations shall administer the school meals program. Professional development and continuing education shall be provided for district nutrition staff, as required by federal regulations.[9][[15]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/chapter-13)[[16]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1773)[[17]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.30) District schools shall provide adequate space, as defined by the district, for eating and serving school meals. Meal periods shall be scheduled at appropriate hours, as required by federal regulations and as defined by the district.[[11]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.10) Access to the food service operation shall be limited to authorized staff. Nutrition content of school meals shall be available to students and parents/guardians.  The district shall provide appropriate training to all staff on the components of the School Wellness policy.  Goals of the School Wellness policy shall be considered in planning all school-based activities. Fundraising projects submitted for approval shall be supportive of healthy eating and student wellness. Administrators, teachers, food service personnel, students, parents/guardians and community members shall be encouraged to serve as positive role models through district programs, communications and outreach efforts.Nutrition Guidelines for All Foods/Beverages at SchoolAll foods and beverages available in district schools during the school day shall be offered to students with consideration for promoting student wellness and reducing obesity. Foods and beverages provided through the National School Lunch or School Breakfast Programs shall comply with established federal nutrition standards.[[11]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.10)[[12]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/220.8)[[15]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/chapter-13)[[16]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1773) Foods and beverages offered or sold at school-sponsored events outside the school day, such as athletic events and dances, shall offer healthy alternatives in addition to more traditional fare. *Competitive Foods –*Competitive foods available for sale shall meet or exceed the established federal nutrition standards (USDA Smart Snacks in School). These standards shall apply in all locations and through all services where foods and beverages are sold to students, which may include, but are not limited to: a la carte options in cafeterias, vending machines, school stores, snack carts and fundraisers.[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)[[18]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.11)[[19]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/220.12) Competitive foods are defined as foods and beverages offered or sold to students on school campus during the school day, which are not part of the reimbursable school breakfast or lunch. For purposes of this policy, school campus means any area of property under the jurisdiction of the school that students may access during the school day.[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)[[18]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.11) For purposes of this policy, school day means the period from midnight before school begins until thirty (30) minutes after the end of the official school day.[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)[[18]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.11) The district may impose additional restrictions on competitive foods, provided that the restrictions are not inconsistent with federal requirements.[[18]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.11)*Fundraiser Exemptions –*Fundraising activities held during the school day involving the sale of competitive foods shall be limited to foods that meet the Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, unless an exemption is approved in accordance with applicable Board policy and administrative regulations.[20] The district may allow a limited number of exempt fundraisers as permitted by the Pennsylvania Department of Education each school year: up to five (5) exempt fundraisers in elementary and middle school buildings, and up to ten (10) exempt fundraisers in high school buildings. Exempt fundraisers are fundraisers in which competitive foods are available for sale to students that do not meet the Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards.[[18]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.11) The district shall establish administrative regulations to implement fundraising activities in district schools, including procedures for requesting a fundraiser exemption.*Non-Sold Competitive Foods –*Non-sold competitive foods available to students, which may include but are not limited to foods and beverages offered as rewards and incentives, at classroom parties and celebrations, or as shared classroom snacks, shall meet or exceed the standards established by the district.If the offered competitive foods do not meet or exceed the Smart Snacks in School nutrition standards, the following standards shall apply:1. Rewards and Incentives:
	1. Foods and beverages shall not be used as a reward for classroom or school activities unless the reward is an activity that promotes a positive nutrition message (e.g., guest chef, field trip to a farm or farmers market, etc.).
2. Classroom Parties and Celebrations:
	1. Parents/Guardians shall be informed through newsletters or other efficient communication methods that foods/beverages should only be brought in when requested for scheduled parties.
3. Shared Classroom Snacks:
	1. Shared classroom snacks are not permitted in district schools.

The district shall provide a list of suggested nonfood ideas and healthy food and beverage alternatives to parents/guardians and staff, which may be posted via the district website, student handbook, newsletters, posted notices and/or other efficient communication methods.*Marketing/Contracting –*Any foods and beverages marketed or promoted to students on the school campus during the school day shall meet or exceed the established federal nutrition standards (USDA Smart Snacks in School) and comply with established Board policy and administrative regulations.[[3]](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)[[18]](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.11) Exclusive competitive food and/or beverage contracts shall be approved by the Board, in accordance with provisions of law. Existing contracts shall be reviewed and modified to the extent feasible to ensure compliance with established federal nutrition standards, including applicable marketing restrictions.[[21]](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=5&sctn=4&subsctn=1)Management of Food Allergies in District SchoolsThe district shall establish Board policy and administrative regulations to address food allergy management in district schools in order to:[22]1. Reduce and/or eliminate the likelihood of severe or potentially life-threatening allergic reactions.
2. Ensure a rapid and effective response in case of a severe or potentially life-threatening allergic reaction.
3. Protect the rights of students by providing them, through necessary accommodations when required, the opportunity to participate fully in all school programs and activities.

**Safe Routes to School**The district shall assess and, to the extent possible, implement improvements to make walking and biking to school safer and easier for students. The district shall cooperate with local municipalities, public safety agency, police departments and community organizations to develop and maintain safe routes to school. District administrators shall seek and utilize available federal and state funding for safe routes to school, when appropriate.**Legal**[**1. 24 P.S. 1422.1**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=14&sctn=22&subsctn=1)[**2. 42 U.S.C. 1758b**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1758b)[**3. 7 CFR 210.31**](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.31)[**4. 7 CFR 210.15**](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.15)[**5. 24 P.S. 1422**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=14&sctn=22&subsctn=0)[**6. 24 P.S. 1513**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=15&sctn=13&subsctn=0)**7. Pol. 102****8. Pol. 105****9. Pol. 808**[**10. 24 P.S. 1512.1**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=15&sctn=12&subsctn=1)[**11. 7 CFR 210.10**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.10)[**12. 7 CFR 220.8**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/220.8)[**13. 24 P.S. 701**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=7&sctn=1&subsctn=0)[**14. 24 P.S. 742**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=7&sctn=42&subsctn=0)[**15. 42 U.S.C. 1751 et seq**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/chapter-13)[**16. 42 U.S.C. 1773**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/42/1773)[**17. 7 CFR 210.30**](https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.30)[**18. 7 CFR 210.11**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/210.11)[**19. 7 CFR 220.12**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/220.12)**20. Pol. 229**[**21. 24 P.S. 504.1**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=5&sctn=4&subsctn=1)**22. Pol. 209.1**[**24 P.S. 1337.1**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=13&sctn=37&subsctn=1)[**24 P.S. 1422.3**](http://www.legis.state.pa.us/cfdocs/legis/LI/uconsCheck.cfm?txtType=HTM&yr=1949&sessInd=0&smthLwInd=0&act=14&chpt=14&sctn=22&subsctn=3)[**P.L. 111-296**](http://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/PLAW-111publ296/html/PLAW-111publ296.htm)[**7 CFR Part 210**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/part-210)[**7 CFR Part 220**](http://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/7/part-220)**Pol. 103****Pol. 103.1** |
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